Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Adaptations of Plant and Animals Study Guide

1. The way in which a plant or animal acts is called its behavior.
2. A behavior or a body part that helps a living thing survive in its environment is a/an adaptation.
3. What is an example of a Georgia animal that uses mimicry? What is mimicry? A non-poisonous snake looks very much like a poisonous snake. Mimicry is when an animals adaptation allows the animal to look like another.
4. The colorings and markings of an animal that help it blend in with its surroundings is camouflage.
5. How are the spines on a cactus an adaptation? They store water in a dry habitat.
6. An animal that lives in a water habitat called an aquatic animal.
7. An animal has webbed feet. Its eyes, ears, and nose are on top of its head. What can you infer about the habitat where this animal lives? The habitat is aquatic.
8. Birds from northern states migrate to coastal Georgia to find food in warmer regions during the winter.
9. The Venus flytrap is able to live in soil that lacks nutrients because is it adapted to get those nutrients from insects.
10. What adaptations for getting food does a hawk have? Sharp talons and a hooked beak, which help it grab prey.
11. A mussel’s foot helps a mussel do what? Attach to underwater rocks.
12. In which habitat would an alligator’s adaptations be most useful? Swamp
13. A carnivorous plant gets some of its nutrients by trapping and digesting insects and other small animals.
14. What adaptation does a woodland duck have that keeps it from sinking in the water? Water proof
15. How have bald cypress trees adapted to growing in the wetlands of Georgia? They have knees

Bonus question will be about beavers! Know all about beavers and their adaptations.

\*\* paddle tail

\*\* webbed feet